(c) and (d) Yes, Sir. an understanding with the State Government for seven projects sanctioned in 2002-03 was reached. These seven projects are to be executed on turn key basis by reputed companies/ agencies.

(e) The scheme for Augmentation of Water Supply to Imphal City (Phase-I) is at advance stage of implementation. For commencing the implementation of schemes the State Government has informed that necessary procedures for five projects have been undertaken.

Cauvery River Authority

1785. SHRI M. V. RAJASEKHARAN: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) when the Cauvery River Authority was created;

(b) the details of the sittings held so far by this Authority, year-wise;

(c) the details of the decisions taken by this Authority, meeting-wise; and

(d) the number of decisions taken by the Authority which have been implemented so far?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRIMATI BIJOYA CHAKRAVARTY): (a) The Cauvery River Authority (CRA) was constituted on 11th August, 1998 to give effect to the implementation of interim order dated 25th June, 1991 of the Cauvery Water Disputes Tribunal (CWDT) and all its related subsequent orders.

(b) The Authority has held one meeting each in the years 1998, 2000, 2001, two meetings in the year 2002 and one meeting in 2003.

(c) The details are enclosed as Statement (*See* below).

(d) Decisions regarding framing of rules of Conduct of Business and amendment thereto have been implemented in full. Efforts have been made to implement other decisions. However, some States have represented to CRA to review its earlier decisions.

Statement

Decisions taken by the Cauvery River Authority

Meeting	Decisions
1	The Rules of Business and modalities to measure the inflow in the Mettur Dam, in view of the CWDT's order were, *inter-alia*, discussed.
2	Authority confirmed the minutes of the first meeting and approved the Rules and Regulations for Conduct of the Business of the Cauvery River Authority. It was also agreed that Government of Karnataka would endeavourer to make good the deficit in inflow into Mettur reservoir for the month of June 2000 within next 30 days and Government of Tamil Nadu would make available the required quantities of water to Pondicherry.
3	The Authority confirmed the minutes of the second meeting and approved the proposed amendments in the Rules and Regulations for Conduct of the Business of the Cauvery River Authority. After taking note of the drought conditions in the basin in both States, the Authority directed the Government of Karnataka to ensure inflows at Mettur as stipulated by the Tribunal especially in view of the situation being faced in the Cauvery basin of Tamil Nadu. The Authority also decided that storage position in Karnataka and Tamil Nadu be reviewed by the Cauvery Monitoring Committee on a monthly basis and if the situation warrants, it would recommend for convening an emergency meeting of the Authority. The Authority decided to work out an acceptable and equitable procedure for pro-rata sharing of the distress and accordingly requested the basin States to put forward their specific suggestions for consideration by the Authority.
4	It was agreed that there is a distress situation in the Cauvery basin and that the distress will need to be shared among all the basin States and the details of distress sharing formula can be worked out by the Monitoring Committee within a fortnight.

Meeting	Decisions
5	It was decided that keeping in view the inflows and storages in the four Karnataka reservoirs and in Mettur as well as the requirements of the two States, Karnataka should release waters from its reservoirs so as to ensure an inflow of 9000 cusecs at Mettur amounting to about 0.8 TMC per day accounted on a weekly average basis for the months of September and October, 2002. Tamil Nadu in turn will ensure proportionate releases to Pondicherry.
6	Keeping in view the urgent need of water for standing crops in Tamil Nadu as also the drinking water requirement in Karnataka, the Supreme Court has, while hearing an application of Tamil Nadu, ordered on 6.2.2003 that the State of Karnataka shall released sufficient water from its reservoirs so as to ensure on an average inflow of 4500 cusec of water per day at Mettur till a final decision is taken by CRA. Since Tamil Nadu requires water now it will be appropriate if the same quantity *i.e.* 4500 cusec on an average is made available at Mettur for another 3 days. Thereafter, the inflows may be ensured by Karnataka as per the interim order of CWDT. Tamil Nadu will make proportionate releases to Pondicherry.

Funds allocated for anti-erosion works in Uttar Pradesh

1786. SHRI B. P. SINGHAL: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) the total amount released to Uttar Pradesh during 2001 by Government for the purpose of taking up critical anti-erosion works;

(b) the amount demanded by the Government of Uttar Pradesh under the scheme of "Critical anti-erosion works in Ganga Basin States" during the years 2001 and 2002;

(c) the details of the works carried out under this scheme and the amount spent on each work during the years 2001 and 2002;

(d) whether the Government of Uttar Pradesh has demanded more funds to carry out the work under this scheme; and

(e) if so, the details thereof?